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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/701,042	10/30/2003	Ming Nien	14293-1	2017
7590 04/19/2006			EXAMINER	
Danton K. Mak			PUROL, DAVID M	
Sheldon & Mak			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
9th Floor 225 S. Lake Ave.			3634	THE DRIVEN BEACH
Pasadena, 'CA 91101			DATE MAILED: 04/19/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/701,042	NIEN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit .			
	David M. Purol	3634			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>January 9, 2006</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 8-10 and 17-22 is/are 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-7 and 11-16 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	withdrawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the objected drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner 12. **The oath of the correction of the oath oath of the oath of the oath oath oath oath oath oath oath oath	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>03112004</u> .	6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			

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1. The preliminary amendment filed on May 10, 2004 has been entered.

Applicant's election without traverse of Species I in the reply filed on January 9,
 acknowledged.

Accordingly, claims 8-10 and 17-22 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected Species.

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s).

See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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Claims 1-7, 11-16 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over the claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,655,441. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims are drawn to a single inventive concept.

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1,2,4,5,7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Virlouvet. Virlouvet discloses a Venetian blind comprising a support 13,14, a spacing cord 37, a spacing adjustment wheel 23, an angle cord 32, an angle adjustment member 19, a drive mechanism 11, a friction coupling 22, a stop device 35.

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11,12,14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Virlouvet in view of Dietzsch. Virlouvet discloses the claimed invention absent the venetian blind as being motor driven. Dietzsch discloses a motor driven 6 venetian blind, wherein, to incorporate this teaching into the venetian blind of Virlouvet for the

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purpose of automating the control of the blind would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

6. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Virlouvet

in view of Dietzsch as applied to claims 11,12,14 above, and further in view of Kuhar

'257. While the venetian blind of Virlouvet, as modified by Dietzsch, does not disclose

the use of a remote control, Kuhar '257 disclose a venetian blind which utilizes a remote

control 130,132,134, wherein, to incorporate this teaching into the venetian blind of

Virlouvet, as modified by Dietzsch, for the purpose of controlling the operation of the

motor would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to David M. Purol

at telephone number (571) 272-6833.

David MrPน้างไ Primary Examiner Art Unit 3634

DMP (571) 272-6833 April 15, 2006